

# Affective HRI: a potential impedance mismatch

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Gavin Brelstaff – CRS4 Sardinia 09010 Italy –  
[gjb@crs4.it](mailto:gjb@crs4.it)

Alexandra Brelstaff – University of Cagliari Italy



# Affective HRI . . .

“... our approach is designed to support a **rich and tightly coupled dynamic between robot and human**, where each responds contingently to the other **on an affective level.**”

Cynthia Breazeal 2001.

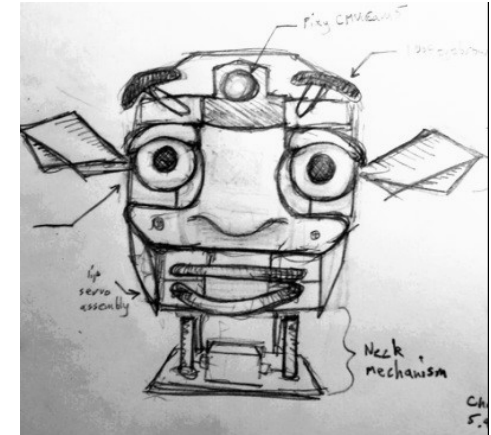
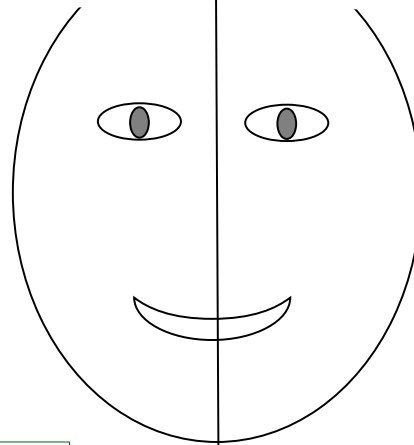
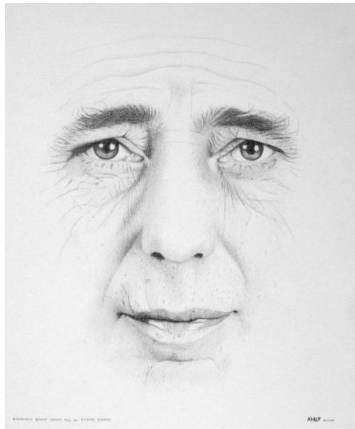
... progress



# Human | Robot

wetware  
neurons

hardware  
connectivity



*exhibit & recognise emotions*

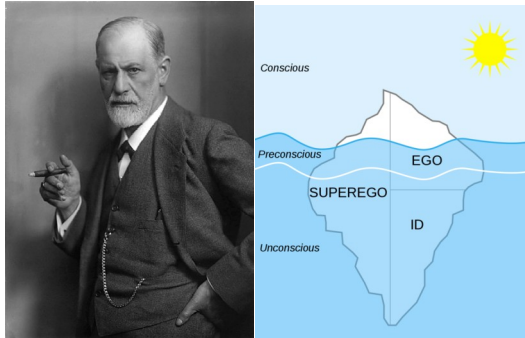
*simulate & recognise emotions*

Perceptual data  
+ algorithms

Data  
+ algorithms

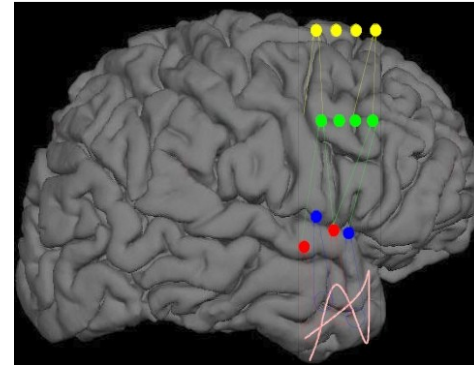
+ **extra ?**

# Two approaches ...



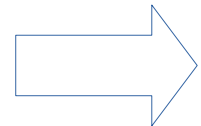
Psychiatric / psychology  
expansive basis

V.



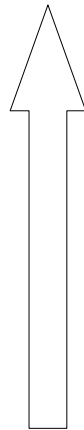
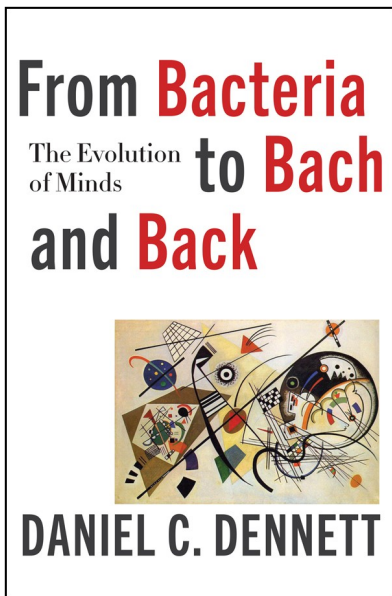
Physical, chemical  
algorithmic reductionist  
basis

We'll maintain an **algorithmic, reductionist approach**  
by adopting **Dan Dennett's** conception of **algorithmic substrates**



# Algorithmic basis for humans?

Dan Dennett's conception of **human beings** in terms of layered algorithmic substrates.



Dennett's Progression	Algorithmic Substrate		Awareness?
4. Gregorian	Nested Virtual Machines		User Illusion (awareness/rationality)
3. Popperian	Hypotheses generate & test	Hierarchical Bayesian Predictive coding	Feasible Automata
2. Skinnerian	Reinforcement learning		
1. Darwinian	Representational learning		

**Extra**

Here the difference between **exhibiting** and **simulating emotion** may eventually **dissolve** if emotions are just emergent features of complex systems

# Dan Dennett: *Awareness as an Evolved User-Illusion*

Given those layers of algorithmic substrates – the personal awareness characteristic of **affect/emotions** in addition requires the **trading of reasons** within **encounters**:



the practice of sharing information in communicative actions with others, **giving and demanding reasons**, is what **creates our personal user-illusions**

**User-illusion:** the projection on to the body of mood, emotion and affect, rather than them having an effect on the mind/brain.

# User-Illusion ... but

... but for **infants**, and people such as those with **dementia**

*'giving and demanding reasons'* is **infeasible**.

Why not consider **affect as a co-founding constituent** rather than mere projection of user-illusions.

How to do that with minimum impact on Dennett's well-considered position?

Might each of us harbour '**proto-reasons**' **grounded** by specific affects which duly elicit '**proto-user-illusions**'?

# Grounding by affect

Here we consider **grounding** only the **most basic affect: touch** in the hope it may provide insights for such other affects such as pain, hunger, fear heat.

**Touch** is posited as the '**proto-reason**' that grounds awareness of a material reality comprising macroscopic solids and which simultaneously elicits the '**proto-user-illusion**' of tactile sentience.



# Algorithms, infant development

<b>Evolutionary mechanism</b>	Trial & Error	Natural Selection / genetic replication				Memetic replication, Language, Thinking tools	
<b>Dennett's Creature</b>		<b>Darwinian</b>	<b>Skinnerian</b>	<b>Popperian</b>	<b>Gregorian</b>		
<b>Algorithmic substrates</b>		Representational Learning					
		Reinforcement Learning				Predictive Coding / Bayesian networks	
		Nested Virtual Machines					
<b>Infant development</b>		CONCEPTION	Reflexive agency	BIRTH	Sensor-motor stage	Preoperational stage	Hands-on-Science

Onset of trading reasons

How about:  
proto-reasons  
proto-User-Illusion?

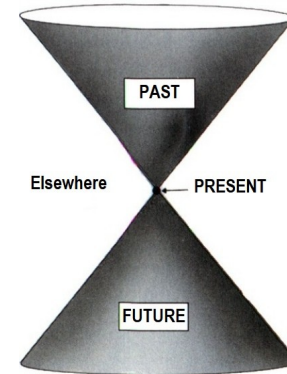
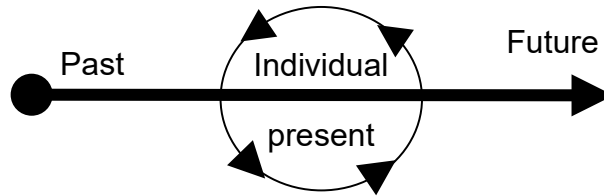
# Ontological impetus

On first encountering empty space and returning into contact with external surfaces: mother's arms etc. Three factors may coalesce in an infant:

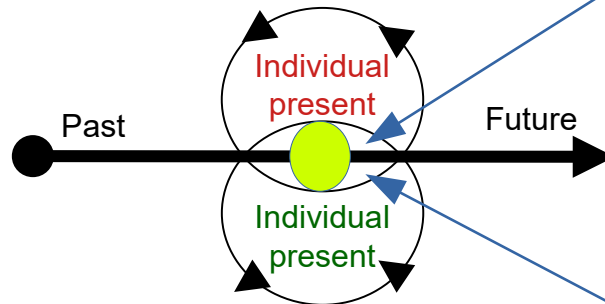
- ❑ **instantiation** of the Bayesian **hyper-prior**, in the PC substrate, to stipulate no two solids occupy the same physical space – see A.Clarke 2013
- ❑ **'proto-reason'**: grounding of explicit spatial **comprehension** – anchoring subsequent empirical learning from evidential chains.
- ❑ **'proto-user-illusion'**: onset of **contact-/tactile- sentience** in the circuits that mediate the “resonant loop between body states and brain states” – e.g. those serving fingers, lips and body surfaces – providing an ‘ontologically underwriting/grounding’, at least while those loops are not inhibited by sleep or adaptation.

# The phenomenal present

Individual experiential  
timeline



Encounter



window of opportunity  
to **trade reasons**

+ dynamic contingent  
**affective interaction**

# Impedance mismatch

Affect is no longer projected purely from the brain to body but rather exists in the “**resonant loop between body states and brain states**” with coupled **{grounding, sentience}** persisting in the loop – at least while uninhibited by sleep or adaptation.

Such a coupling would bring a qualitative aspect to a loop viewed usually as conveying purely quantitative sensory information. This qualitative aspect being ‘seeded’ early in life is of an ostensibly non-algorithmic nature.

This invites the prospect of an **impedance mismatch** for Affective HRI where non-algorithmic qualities get pursued on a purely algorithmic basis.

# Affective HRI

Today this may involve **deep-learning** algorithms trained on large labeled data-sets of facial expression and gestures:

Where the expectation is that the **learnt labeling** will generalize even to those **individuals that have no capacity to label**. Here we have a duty to consider the limits of mechanistic / algorithmic explanation.

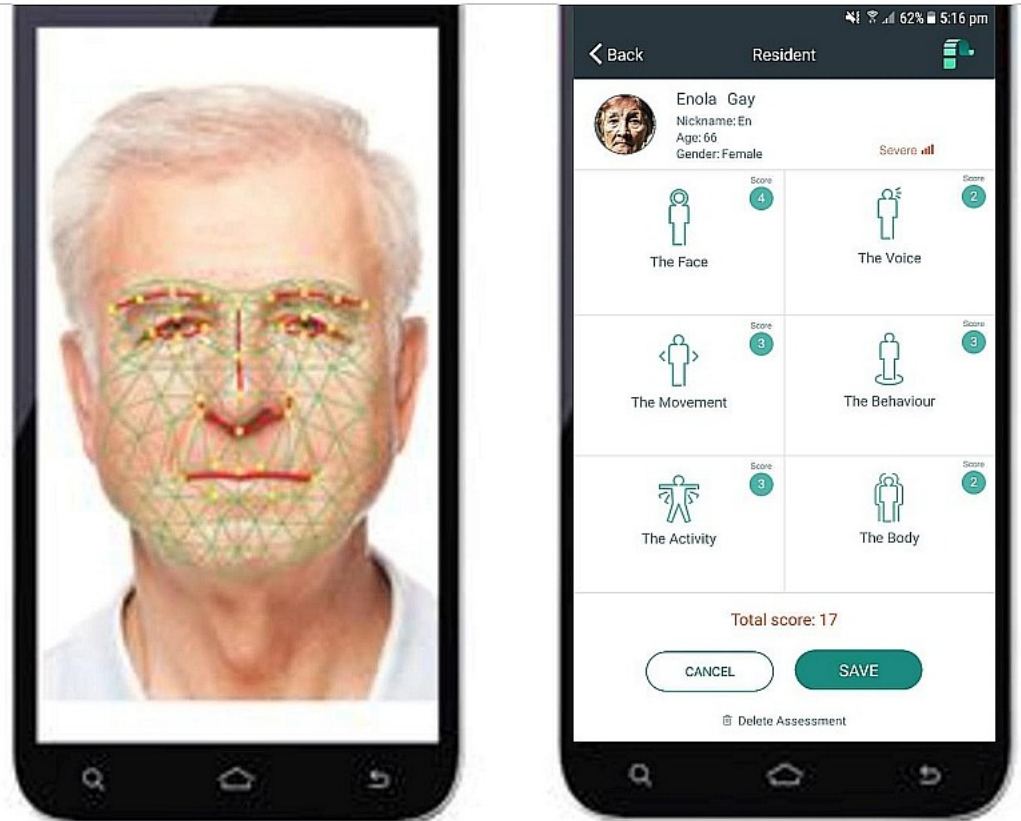
Indeed it may remain prudent when developing future robotic care-givers and nurses to ensure that any such learnt labeling continues to be **integrated into a wider context** that includes a significant human interpretive element.

# Affective HRI

... integrated into a **wider context** that includes a significant human interpretive element.

**Finally**, it is heartening to see such wider context being adopted in the development of a healthcare app that seeks to estimate pain on the faces of individuals with moderate-to-severe dementia

## ePAT Pain Assessment Tool 2017



M. Atee , K. Hoti, J.D.Hughes, 2017. Psychometric Evaluation of the Electronic Pain Assessment Tool: An Innovative Instrument for Individuals with Moderate-to-Severe Dementia. *Dement Geriatr Cogn Disord* 44:256–267. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1159/000485377>.